

Achieving Variety: C/C Sentence Practice

Directions: Write each sentence two other ways. If you use "while" or "whereas" in "a," you can't use either of them again in "b."

1) **While chickenpox is caused by the varicella-zoster virus, the paramyxovirus is the main cause of measles.**

a) Chickenpox is caused by the varicella-zoster virus; in _____, the paramyxovirus is the main cause of measles.

b) In contrast _____ chickenpox, _____

2) **Chickenpox mainly affects children, but young infants and children are more susceptible to measles.**

a) Children are most susceptible to chickenpox; young infants and children, _____, are mainly affected by measles.

b) Chickenpox and measles differ _____ the former _____, while the latter _____.

3) **Because chickenpox is contagious until all rashes have formed scabs, patients are isolated until the second week of symptoms. In contrast, measles patients require isolation up to four days after the rash disappears.**

a) _____

b) _____

4) **In chickenpox, the initial rash turns into blisters and eventually scabs that fall off after 1-2 weeks; in measles, the rash lasts 4-7 days.**

a) In chickenpox, the initial rash turns into blisters and eventually scabs that fall off after 1-2 weeks, _____

b) As opposed to chickenpox, in which the initial rash turns into blisters and eventually scabs that fall off after 1-2 weeks, _____

5) **In measles, antibiotics are given only for complications, e.g. pneumonia, while in chickenpox, an antiviral drug is given to patients with severe cases.**

a) _____

b) _____

6) **Up to 20% of Americans have gallstones, whereas 0.2% of Americans have kidney stones.**

a) In contrast to 0.2% of Americans who have kidney stones, _____
_____.

b) Unlike gallstones, which are prevalent in up to 20% of Americans, kidney stones _____

_____.

7) **Whereas gallstones are most common among women, complications resulting from gallstones are most likely to occur in men.**

a) _____
_____.

b) _____

_____.

8. **There are four types of kidney stones: calcium, struvite, uric acid, and cystine stones; in contrast, gallstones are classified into two groups only: cholesterol and pigment stones.**

a) _____
_____.

b) _____

_____.

9) **Kidney stones patients experience pain in the back or side that is sudden, severe, and intermittent; in gallstones patients, the pain, which is dull and constant, occurs in the upper right abdomen.**

a) In kidney stones patients, the pain _____

_____.

b) Unlike kidney stones patients, who _____

_____.

10) **An intravenous pyelogram (IVP) and x-rays of the kidneys are used to diagnose kidney stones, while an oral cholecystogram (OCG) and x-rays of the gallbladder are used to diagnoses gallstones.**

a) The diagnosis of kidney stones and gallstones is different in that kidney stones _____

_____.

b) In contrast to kidney stones, which _____

_____.